

## 3-Chloro-*N'*-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol monosolvate

Tian-Yi Li\* and Yue-Gang Qu

School of Chemical Engineering, Changchun University of Technology, Changchun 130012, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: cooperationwell@126.com

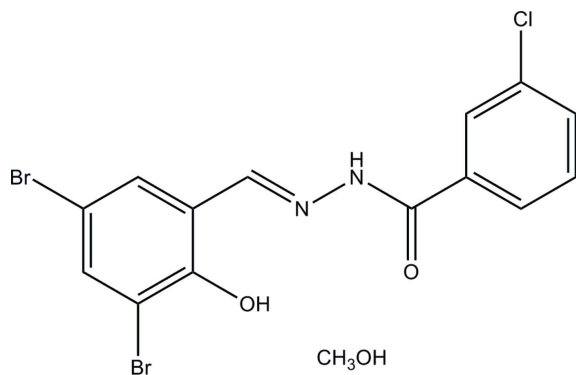
Received 31 December 2010; accepted 6 January 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.044;  $wR$  factor = 0.117; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

The title Schiff base compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Br}_2\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ , features an intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}$  hydrogen bond, which contributes to the planarity of the molecule: the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is  $4.6$  (2)°. In the crystal, pairs of adjacent molecules are linked through intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming dimers. The methanol solvent molecule is linked by intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$  hydrogen bonds.

### Related literature

For Schiff base compounds derived from the reaction of aldehydes with benzohydrazides, see: Pouralimardan *et al.* (2007); Dinda *et al.* (2002); Podyachev *et al.* (2007). For reference bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_9\text{Br}_2\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{CH}_4\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 464.54$   
 Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 8.8560$  (18) Å  
 $b = 9.3810$  (19) Å  
 $c = 11.205$  (2) Å  
 $\alpha = 95.634$  (3)°  
 $\beta = 110.952$  (3)°

$\gamma = 99.392$  (3)°  
 $V = 845.2$  (3) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 4.97$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.18 \times 0.17 \times 0.17$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.468$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.486$   
 7213 measured reflections  
 3504 independent reflections  
 2423 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.117$   
 $S = 1.03$   
 3504 reflections  
 214 parameters  
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.61$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.71$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2} \cdots \text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.90 (4)	1.98 (2)	2.852 (4)	165 (5)
$\text{O3}-\text{H3} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.82	1.98	2.769 (4)	161
$\text{O1}-\text{H1} \cdots \text{N1}$	0.82	1.85	2.566 (4)	146

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z - 1$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINTE* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINTE*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG2785).

### References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.  
 Bruker (2005). *APEX2*, *SAINTE* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Dinda, R., Sengupta, P., Ghosh, S., Mayer-Figge, H. & Sheldrick, W. S. (2002). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 4434–4439.  
 Podyachev, S. N., Litvinov, I. A., Shagidullin, R. R., Buzykin, B. I., Bauer, I., Osyanina, D. V., Avvakumova, L. V., Sudakova, S. N., Habicher, W. D. & Kononov, A. I. (2007). *Spectrochim. Acta Part A*, **66**, 250–261.  
 Pouralimardan, O., Chamayou, A.-C., Janiak, C. & Hosseini-Monfared, H. (2007). *Inorg. Chim. Acta* **360**, 1599–1608.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o330 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536811000742 ]

### 3-Chloro-*N'*-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol monosolvate

T.-Y. Li and Y.-G. Qu

#### Comment

In the last few years, a number of Schiff bases derived from the reaction of aldehydes with benzohydrazides were prepared and structurally characterized (Pouralimardan *et al.*, 2007; Dinda *et al.*, 2002). As a continuation of the work, in the present paper, the structure of the title Schiff base compound, (Fig. 1) is reported.

In the title compound, there is an O—H $\cdots$ N hydrogen bond, which contributes to the planarity of the molecule. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 4.6 (2) $^\circ$ . All the bond lengths are within normal values (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The adjacent two molecules are linked through intermolecular N—H $\cdots$ O and O—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form a dimer (Fig. 2). The methanol solvate is linked by intermolecular O—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds.

#### Experimental

3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde (0.280 g, 1 mmol) and 3-chlorobenzohydrazide (0.171 g, 1 mmol) were dissolved in 30 ml absolute methanol. The mixture was stirred at reflux for 10 min, and cooled to room temperature. The clear colorless solution was left to slow evaporation in air for three days, yielding colorless block-shaped crystals, which were collected by filtration and washed with methanol.

#### Refinement

The amino H atom was located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The other H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93 or 0.96 Å, and O—H = 0.82 Å, and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C15 and O})$ .

#### Figures

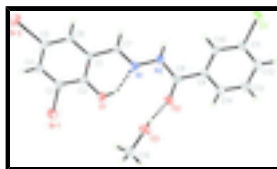


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-hydrogen atoms. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

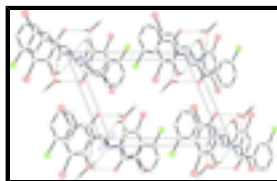


Fig. 2. The molecular packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

## 3-Chloro-*N*'-(3,5-dibromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)benzohydrazide methanol monosolvate

### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Br_2ClN_2O_2 \cdot CH_4O$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 464.54$	$F(000) = 456$
Triclinic, <i>PT</i>	$D_x = 1.825 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 8.8560 (18) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 2168 reflections
$b = 9.3810 (19) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.5\text{--}25.9^\circ$
$c = 11.205 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 4.97 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 95.634 (3)^\circ$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 110.952 (3)^\circ$	Block, colorless
$\gamma = 99.392 (3)^\circ$	$0.18 \times 0.17 \times 0.17 \text{ mm}$
$V = 845.2 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$	

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	3504 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2423 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.036$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.468$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.486$	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
7213 measured reflections	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
	$l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.117$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.03$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.050P)^2 + 0.0441P]$
3504 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
214 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.61 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.71 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.29523 (6)	0.00200 (5)	1.38779 (5)	0.0684 (2)
Br2	-0.39950 (6)	-0.16848 (6)	1.18451 (5)	0.0754 (2)
Cl1	-0.12376 (13)	0.68386 (11)	0.50390 (9)	0.0538 (3)
N1	0.0467 (4)	0.2942 (3)	0.9916 (3)	0.0375 (7)
N2	0.0405 (4)	0.3784 (3)	0.8978 (3)	0.0386 (7)
O1	0.2266 (3)	0.1922 (3)	1.1849 (3)	0.0496 (7)
H1	0.2078	0.2450	1.1295	0.074*
O2	0.3090 (3)	0.4803 (3)	1.0115 (3)	0.0533 (7)
O3	0.2945 (3)	0.6052 (3)	0.2405 (3)	0.0578 (8)
H3	0.3060	0.5530	0.1826	0.087*
C1	-0.0709 (5)	0.1171 (4)	1.0859 (3)	0.0338 (8)
C2	0.0834 (4)	0.1111 (4)	1.1785 (3)	0.0346 (8)
C3	0.0872 (4)	0.0173 (4)	1.2683 (3)	0.0388 (8)
C4	-0.0538 (5)	-0.0650 (4)	1.2702 (3)	0.0439 (9)
H4	-0.0484	-0.1259	1.3316	0.053*
C5	-0.2040 (5)	-0.0563 (4)	1.1797 (4)	0.0420 (9)
C6	-0.2136 (5)	0.0304 (4)	1.0871 (3)	0.0392 (8)
H6	-0.3162	0.0315	1.0246	0.047*
C7	-0.0839 (4)	0.2091 (4)	0.9867 (3)	0.0356 (8)
H7	-0.1856	0.2058	0.9212	0.043*
C8	0.1846 (4)	0.4709 (4)	0.9153 (3)	0.0349 (8)
C9	0.1854 (4)	0.5574 (4)	0.8114 (3)	0.0341 (8)
C10	0.0427 (4)	0.5745 (3)	0.7138 (3)	0.0349 (8)
H10	-0.0608	0.5274	0.7088	0.042*
C11	0.0560 (5)	0.6615 (4)	0.6248 (3)	0.0388 (8)
C12	0.2061 (5)	0.7299 (4)	0.6284 (4)	0.0503 (10)
H12	0.2126	0.7875	0.5667	0.060*
C13	0.3475 (5)	0.7129 (5)	0.7242 (4)	0.0560 (11)
H13	0.4504	0.7598	0.7279	0.067*
C14	0.3379 (5)	0.6269 (4)	0.8146 (4)	0.0459 (9)
H14	0.4345	0.6151	0.8785	0.055*
C15	0.4103 (6)	0.5924 (6)	0.3610 (4)	0.0718 (14)
H15A	0.5198	0.6338	0.3671	0.108*
H15B	0.4020	0.4907	0.3691	0.108*
H15C	0.3882	0.6438	0.4293	0.108*
H2	-0.060 (3)	0.383 (5)	0.842 (4)	0.086*

## supplementary materials

---

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0442 (3)	0.0852 (4)	0.0707 (3)	0.0200 (2)	0.0048 (2)	0.0458 (3)
Br2	0.0454 (3)	0.0852 (4)	0.0891 (4)	-0.0070 (2)	0.0186 (3)	0.0470 (3)
Cl1	0.0495 (6)	0.0638 (6)	0.0440 (6)	0.0160 (5)	0.0074 (5)	0.0251 (5)
N1	0.0416 (18)	0.0382 (16)	0.0383 (17)	0.0134 (14)	0.0164 (15)	0.0195 (13)
N2	0.0362 (18)	0.0394 (16)	0.0402 (18)	0.0099 (14)	0.0104 (15)	0.0198 (14)
O1	0.0347 (15)	0.0582 (17)	0.0538 (17)	0.0050 (13)	0.0113 (13)	0.0294 (13)
O2	0.0344 (15)	0.078 (2)	0.0455 (16)	0.0117 (14)	0.0079 (13)	0.0314 (14)
O3	0.0395 (16)	0.079 (2)	0.0466 (17)	0.0142 (15)	0.0039 (14)	0.0187 (15)
C1	0.042 (2)	0.0317 (18)	0.0286 (18)	0.0103 (15)	0.0115 (16)	0.0120 (14)
C2	0.0297 (19)	0.0355 (19)	0.039 (2)	0.0093 (15)	0.0112 (17)	0.0104 (15)
C3	0.036 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0352 (19)	0.0115 (17)	0.0050 (17)	0.0148 (16)
C4	0.046 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0125 (18)	0.015 (2)	0.0217 (18)
C5	0.037 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.046 (2)	0.0011 (17)	0.0141 (19)	0.0136 (17)
C6	0.033 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0082 (17)	0.0081 (17)	0.0134 (16)
C7	0.033 (2)	0.0370 (19)	0.0334 (19)	0.0102 (16)	0.0061 (16)	0.0127 (15)
C8	0.0312 (19)	0.0416 (19)	0.036 (2)	0.0130 (16)	0.0136 (17)	0.0146 (15)
C9	0.036 (2)	0.0349 (19)	0.0340 (19)	0.0109 (16)	0.0136 (17)	0.0081 (15)
C10	0.032 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0345 (19)	0.0081 (16)	0.0123 (17)	0.0110 (16)
C11	0.043 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0135 (17)	0.0119 (18)	0.0121 (16)
C12	0.054 (3)	0.054 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.029 (2)
C13	0.037 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.031 (2)
C14	0.031 (2)	0.057 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0115 (18)	0.0152 (19)	0.0227 (19)
C15	0.045 (3)	0.104 (4)	0.055 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.031 (3)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Br1—C3	1.889 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
Br2—C5	1.895 (4)	C5—C6	1.368 (5)
Cl1—C11	1.743 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.274 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—N2	1.367 (4)	C8—C9	1.484 (4)
N2—C8	1.359 (5)	C9—C14	1.387 (5)
N2—H2	0.90 (4)	C9—C10	1.389 (4)
O1—C2	1.342 (4)	C10—C11	1.374 (4)
O1—H1	0.8200	C10—H10	0.9300
O2—C8	1.218 (4)	C11—C12	1.363 (6)
O3—C15	1.404 (5)	C12—C13	1.373 (6)
O3—H3	0.8200	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C6	1.392 (5)	C13—C14	1.373 (5)
C1—C2	1.403 (5)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—C7	1.457 (4)	C14—H14	0.9300
C2—C3	1.396 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.366 (5)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.375 (5)	C15—H15C	0.9600

C7—N1—N2	120.4 (3)	O2—C8—N2	121.2 (3)
C8—N2—N1	115.9 (3)	O2—C8—C9	121.3 (3)
C8—N2—H2	125 (3)	N2—C8—C9	117.4 (3)
N1—N2—H2	118 (3)	C14—C9—C10	118.8 (3)
C2—O1—H1	109.5	C14—C9—C8	117.5 (3)
C15—O3—H3	109.5	C10—C9—C8	123.7 (3)
C6—C1—C2	119.2 (3)	C11—C10—C9	119.4 (3)
C6—C1—C7	119.5 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
C2—C1—C7	121.3 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.3
O1—C2—C3	118.8 (3)	C12—C11—C10	121.7 (3)
O1—C2—C1	123.0 (3)	C12—C11—Cl1	119.3 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.3 (3)	C10—C11—Cl1	119.0 (3)
C4—C3—C2	122.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13	119.2 (3)
C4—C3—Br1	119.6 (3)	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C2—C3—Br1	118.4 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C3—C4—C5	118.8 (3)	C12—C13—C14	120.4 (4)
C3—C4—H4	120.6	C12—C13—H13	119.8
C5—C4—H4	120.6	C14—C13—H13	119.8
C6—C5—C4	121.2 (3)	C13—C14—C9	120.5 (4)
C6—C5—Br2	120.2 (3)	C13—C14—H14	119.7
C4—C5—Br2	118.6 (3)	C9—C14—H14	119.7
C5—C6—C1	120.4 (4)	O3—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.8	O3—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.8	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C1	118.7 (3)	O3—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	120.6	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C7—H7	120.6	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N2—H2...O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.90 (4)	1.98 (2)	2.852 (4)	165 (5)
O3—H3...O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.82	1.98	2.769 (4)	161
O1—H1...N1	0.82	1.85	2.566 (4)	146

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z-1$ .

Fig. 1

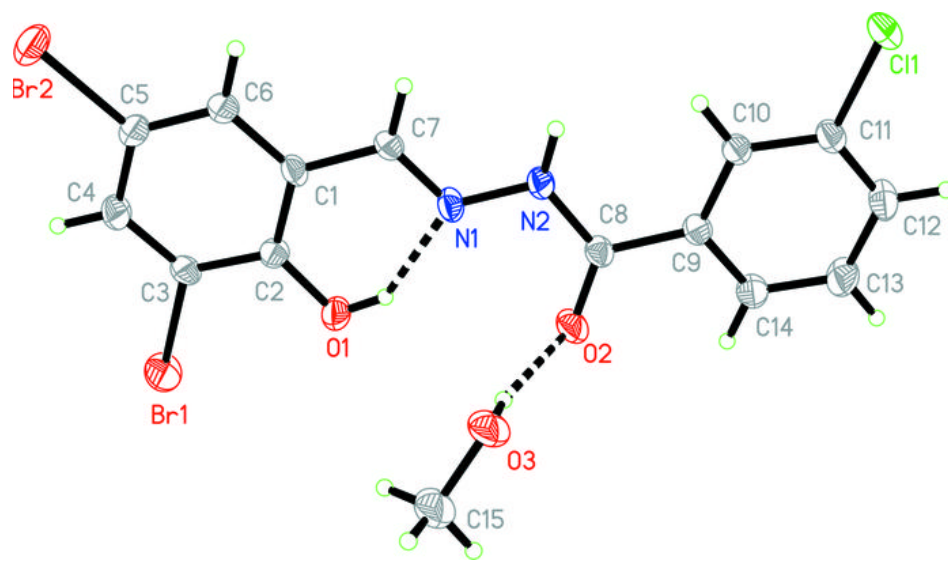




Fig. 2

